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Editor: Jim Harries, PhD, Chairman of the AVM.

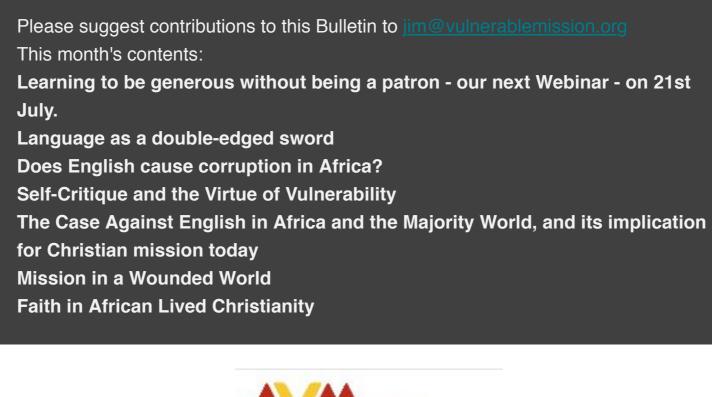


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The Alliance for Vulnerable Mission encourages some missionaries from the			

West to engage in their ministries using local languages and resources.









without being a patron"

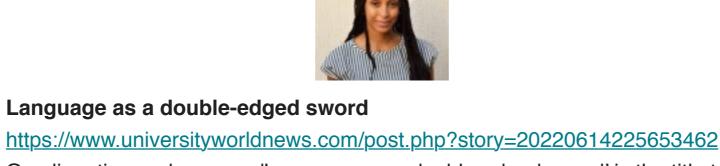
Speaker: Brad Mashburn, working in Senegal

When: Thursday, 21st July, 2022

Time: 14:00 (UK Time) Sign up using this form for free and we will send you a Zoom link.

https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLSd5RGIpwN1Yh_LLb2KYraBxxh7I mB6BQRQaR-i7Ff8Bwxk6JQ/viewform

..00000..



On alienation and agency: 'Language as a double-edged sword' is the title to a short article in University World News, Africa Edition, June 16th 2022. It is

written by Phaedra Haringsma. 'For Shange, the decision to remove Afrikaans resembles putting "a Band-Aid on a gushing wound" and hoping that it heals. "It did nothing. People who fight to be taught in Zulu are still not supported, but on top of that, black and coloured students who benefited from being taught in Afrikaans now find themselves in a precarious space,' shares Haringsma, in this fascinating short piece. ..00000..

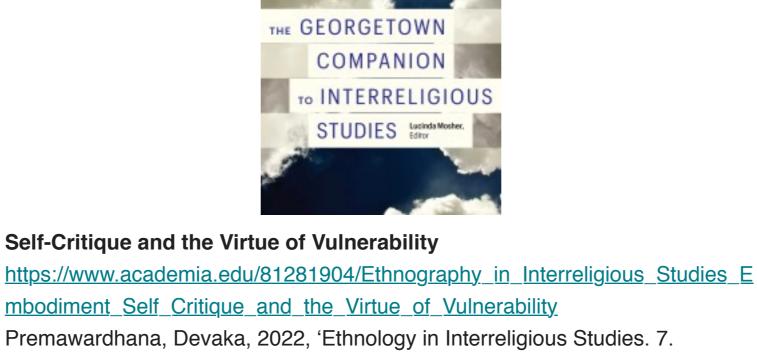
English causes Corruption in Africa

https://www.academia.edu/79249324/English causes Corruption in Africa

I have found myself in discussion, for over a month, with an independent South African scholar, around the question of whether 'English causes corruption in

Does English cause corruption in Africa?

Africa'. I have found this discussion to be 'significant', that this black scholar both has interest in the concerns we raise in the AVM, and a grasp of them. This discussion being in English at the same time rather contradicts AVM procedure, in which we like to engage people in their own languages. It is ironic, that my interlocutor in South Africa ACCEPTS that black Africans on the whole are inclined to prefer imitation of whites to thinking for themselves. This is with some good reason, as African people's thinking doesn't get them very far, either culturally or economically, but it also makes it hard to know when someone is responding according to what is in their heart, and when they are endeavouring to please the white man. This seems to delegitimise scholarly engagement with African people using English00000..



Embodiment, Self-Critique and the Virtue of Vulnerability,' 63-71 in: Mosher, Lucinda. The Georgetown Companion to Interreligious Studies. Georgetown

University Press, Project MUSE <u>muse.jhu.edu/book/98959</u>. The approach to 'interreligious studies' advocated in this article has a lot in

common with the advocacy for vulnerable mission that we promote. It supports theological approaches, as having advantages over 'approaches from nowhere' practiced by secular researchers. It even encourages learning from local people as local people learn, rather than from a set of data objectively acquired by an

outsider. Apart from the implication that there's a set of 'equal ... religions ... out there', there's a lot of good stuff in here. ..00000... against english africa

The Case Against English in Africa and the Majority World, and its implication for Christian mission today https://youtu.be/3fyEhrwQCdE Jim Harries presented this paper by zoom at the Oxford Centre for Mission Studies (ocms.ac.uk) to an enthralled audience on 21st June 2022. Go to the

above link to see the full presentation, related to AMRIconnect, including

network.)

(For a copy of the paper,

quality wifi on the day, go here.)

Mission in a Wounded World

discussion with Oxford scholars. (AMRIconnect is a mission information sharing

go https://www.academia.edu/82021943/The Case Against English in Africa and the Majority World and its implication for Christian mission today Pr esentation at OCMS Oxford Centre for Mission Studies given by Jim Har ries on 21 st June 2022 2 00 pm. To view Jim's presentation without discussion and reference to AMRIconnect, <u>here</u>. To see the version posted by the Oxford Centre for Mission Studies, go here. To see the version of Jim's

https://www.missionstudies.org.au/15th-assembly-theme/

presentation subsequently corrected and 'patched' to compensate for poor

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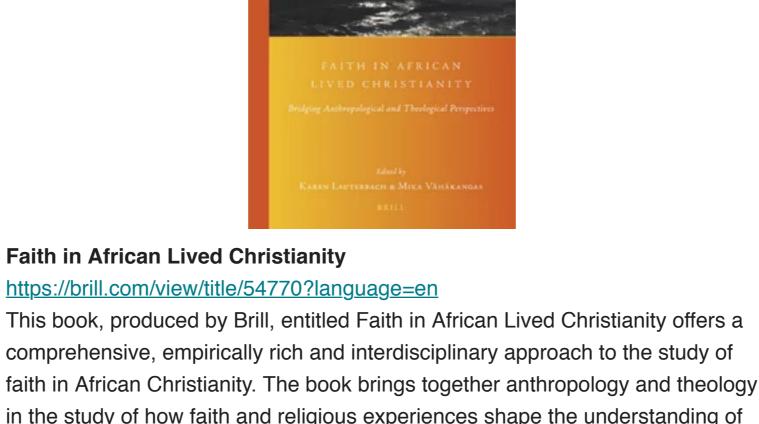
POWERS, INEQUALITIES, AND VULNERABILITIES MISSION IN A WOUNDED WORLD

title of this upcoming mission conference in Australia, 7-11 July 2022. "Our theme names and explores the perception that missionary activity takes place in a world constituted by wounds in many forms. We want to consider mission—past, present, and future—mindful of the wounds the world and its peoples face; wounds to which Christian mission has sought to respond but

which it has, at times, caused." (Contrary to the orientation of the AVM, this

"Powers, Inequalities, and Vulnerabilities: Mission in a Wounded World" is the

conference seems to be more about reaching the vulnerable, than about missionaries 'being' vulnerable.) ..00000..



in the study of how faith and religious experiences shape the understanding of social life in Africa. I particularly recommend chapter 7, entitled: 'How to Respect the Religious Quasi-Other?' Missiologist and anthropologist Vaehaekangas uses anthropology in a way that he anticipates will be an aid to theologians who are questioning the orthodoxy of the Kimbanguist Church found in Congo. He thus

addresses a vital topic often unearthed through the practice of vulnerable mission in Africa: how to assess the orthodoxy of Christian groups whose Christianity is not built on Hellenistic foundations? The world of the Kikongo is "manag[ed] ... by spiritual power", definitely a theological issue, Vaehaekangas tells us. This can be explored through anthropology's "radical openness to the other" in research, but which's theorizing opens an abyss with the studied culture! Hence theology and anthropology should work together. ..00000...

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